COUNTY OF ORANGE "ORANGE IS THE NEW GREEN" ZONING CODE UPDATE

ARTICLE 2, SUBARTICLE 1 – Introductory Provisions

Second Draft – October 2018

http://www.ocpublicworks.com/ds/planning/projects/all_districts_projects/orange_is_the_new_green



County of Orange – Zoning Code Update

Proposed Revisions to Article 2, Subarticle 1 – Introductory Provisions

Comment Number [County xx]	Section Number	Neutral/Decrease/ Increase	Discussion
1	7-9-19.1	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
2	7-9-19.2	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
3	7-9-20(i)(j)	Neutral	Existing process
4	7-9-21	Neutral	Existing process
5	7-9-22	Neutral	New format
6	7-9-23.3	Neutral	Existing process
7	7-9-24	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
8	7-9-24.4	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
9	7-9-24.5	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
10	7-9-24.6	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
11	7-9-24.7	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
12	7-9-24.8	Neutral	Existing process
13	7-9-24.9	Neutral	Clarification of existing language
14	7-9-24.10	Neutral	Clarification of existing language

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Proposed Revisions to Article 2, Subarticle 1 – Introductory Provisions

Comment Number [County xx]	Section Number	Neutral/Decrease/ Increase	Discussion
15	7-9-24.10(b)	Decrease	Provides new option for measurement in front setback
16	Table7-9-25.2(c)	Neutral	Existing land use designations
17	7-9-25.2(d)	Neutral	Existing zoning districts

Proposed revisions have been highlighted as follows:

Neutral/No Change in Regulations – Highlighted in gray Decrease in Regulations – Highlighted in yellow Increase in Regulations – Highlighted in green

Article 2. - The Comprehensive Zoning Code Subarticle 1. - Introductory Provisions

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Article 2, Subarticle 1: Introductory Provisions

Sec. 7-9-19. - Authority, general-purpose and objectives

Sec. 7-9-19.1. - Title and authority

Title 7, Division 9, Article 2, of the County of Orange Codified Ordinances This article shall be known as "The Comprehensive Zoning Code of the County of Orange," <u>"Zoning Code"</u>, or "this Code." Whenever reference is made to any portion of the ordinance set out in this Article or of any other law or ordinance, the reference applies to all amendments and additions hereafter made to this Article. The Comprehensive Zoning Code is adopted by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to Section 11 of Article XI of the constitution of the State of California, in compliance with and pursuant to the authority contained in title Title 7 of the Planning and Zoning Law of the Government Code, for the purpose of promoting the health, safety and general welfare, and is also adopted in compliance with Division 20 of the Public Resources Code and the authority contained in Section 65859 et seq. of the California Coastal Act. for the purpose of implementing the Local Coastal Program.

Sec. 7-9-19.2. - Purpose and objectives

The purpose of this Code is to implement the County's General Plan, and in the Coastal Zone, the Local Coastal Program, and to protect and promote the public health, safety, peace, comfort, convenience, prosperity, and general welfare. More specifically, the Comprehensive Zoning Code is adopted in order to achieve the following objectives:

- (a) To enhance and implement the General Plan and Local Coastal Program.
- (b) To provide a guide for the growth and physical development of the County in accordance with the Government Code in a manner that will progressively achieve the arrangement of land uses proposed in and consistent with the goals and policies of the General Plan and Local Coastal Program.
- (c) To promote economic development and job creation and secure for the citizens of Orange County the social and economic advantages resulting from an orderly planned use of its land resources.
- (d) To encourage, classify, designate, regulate and segregate <u>appropriately locate</u> the uses of land, buildings and structures to serve the needs of agriculture, commerce, industry, residential <u>development</u>, and other purposes in appropriate places <u>activities</u>.
- (e) To establish conditions which will allow all of the these land uses to exist in harmony within the community.

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- (f) To prevent the overcrowding of land, to avoid undue concentration of population, and to maintain a suitable balance between structures and open spaces.
- (g) To lessen congestion on streets and to promote a safe, efficient traffic circulation system.
- (h) To ensure that adequate off-street parking and loading facilities will be installed and maintained.
- (i) To facilitate adequate provisions for community utilities, such as transportation, water, sewage, schools, parks and other public requirements.
- (j) To protect and enhance real property values.
- (k) To promote the stability of existing land uses and to protect them from incompatible and harmful intrusion.

Sec. 7-9-20. - Applicability of the Zoning Code

- (a) *Property to which aplicable*: The Zoning Code shall apply to all <u>property</u> <u>unincorporated land</u> within the <u>unincorporated area of the</u> County of Orange, except as otherwise provided by this section.
- (b) Duplicated regulation: Whenever any provision of the Zoning Code and any other provision of law, whether set forth in this Code or in any other law or ordinance, impose overlapping or contradictory requirements, or certain restrictions covering any of the same subject matter, that provision which is more restrictive or imposes higher standards shall control, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Zoning Code. In no case shall a resolution supersede or overrule an ordinance. However, subject to applicable State and federal law, a discretionary permit approved per section 7-9-150 TBD may have more restrictive site development standards than specified in an enabling ordinance. Where specifically allowed by the enabling ordinance, a discretionary permit may have less restrictive site development standards.
 - Indeterminate applicability: When the provisions of this Zoning Code, or a planned community or specific plan text, do not clearly define or designate a use within a specific category, when the nature or characteristics of a use are such that the use could be included within more than one (1) definition, and when there is some uncertainty as to which regulations are applicable in a specific instance, the Director shall determine which regulations are applicable. Whenever reference is made to any regulations of this Zone Code, the reference applies to all amendments and additions now or hereafter made. Uses,

(c)

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structures, conditions, and situations that are not addressed in a planned community or specific plan text, but are addressed in the Zoning Code, shall be governed by the Zoning Code.

- (d) (e) Separability: If any portion of the Zoning Code is, for any reason, declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or ineffective in whole or in part, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions thereof. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have enacted the Zoning Code and each portion thereof irrespective of the fact that any one (1) or more portions be declared invalid or ineffective.
- (e) (f) Conformity with the Comprehensive Zoning Code required: Except as otherwise allowed by section 7-9-TBD, "Nonconforming Uses," or as authorized by variance, no uses or structures shall be established, substituted, expanded, constructed, altered, moved, maintained, or otherwise changed, and no lot lines shall be created or changed, except in conformity with the Zoning Code.
- (f) (g) Validity: The issuance of granting of a permit or approval of plans and specifications shall not be construed to be a permit for, or an approval of, any violation of any provisions of this Code. The issuance of a permit shall not prevent the Director from thereafter requiring the correction of violations of this Code or of any other ordinance of the County.
- (g) (h) Road right-of-way. Dedicated public street right-of-way areas shall not be subject to the land use regulations of the County, including but not limited to the Zoning Code, specific plans and planned communities. However, all uses and structures within the coastal zone may be subject to a coastal development permit. Within private street areas and streets offered for dedication to the public but not accepted, the Zoning Code applies in its entirety.
- (h) (i) Land owned by or leased to the County. Land owned in fee by the County or land leased to the County shall not be subject to the land use regulations of the County, including but not limited to the Zoning Code, specific plans and planned communities. However, all uses and structures within the coastal zone may be subject to a coastal development permit.
 -) General Plan consistency required. Any permit, license or approval issued pursuant to this Code must be consistent with the General Plan. In any case where there is a conflict between this Code and the General Plan, the General Plan shall prevail.
- (j) <u>Fees and/or deposits.</u> The Board of Supervisors shall establish by ordinance, and may amend and revise from time to time, fees and/or deposits for processing

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> discretionary permit applications and other permits authorized or required by this Code. All fees and/or deposits shall be paid at the time an application is filed, and no processing shall commence until the fees and/or deposits are paid in full.

Sec. 7-9-21. – Definitions Relation to other regulations.

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All references to this section shall include sections 7-9-21 through 7-9-<u>21.5</u>. 47 and also section 7-9-118.3, CD District and 7-9-113.3, FP District.

Title, purpose and applicability. Sections 7-9-21 through 7-9-47, inclusive, shall be known as the "Definitions." The purpose of these provisions is to promote consistency and precision in the interpretation of the Comprehensive Zoning Code. The meaning and construction of words and phrases as set forth shall apply throughout this Code, except where the context of such works or phrases clearly indicates a different meaning or construction.

- Sec. 7-9-21.1. General. The regulations of the Zoning Code and requirements or conditions imposed pursuant to this Code shall not supersede any other regulations or requirements adopted or imposed by the Board of Supervisors of the County, the State of California, or any federal agency that has jurisdiction by law over uses and development authorized by this Code. All uses and development authorized by this Code shall comply with all other such regulations and requirements. Where conflict occurs between the provisions of the Code and any other County Code, chapter, resolution, guideline or regulation, the more restrictive provisions shall control, unless otherwise specified.
- Sec. 7-9-21.2. Permit Streamlining Act. It is the intent of this Code that all actions taken by the decision-making body pursuant to this Code that are solely adjudicatory in nature be within a time frame consistent with the provisions of Government Code Section 65920 et seq. (the Permit Streamlining Act). Nothing in this Code shall be interpreted as imposing time limits on actions taken by the decision-making body pursuant to this Code that are legislative in nature or that require both adjudicatory and legislative judgments.
- **Sec. 7-9-21.3.** Sec. 7-9-20(d)Private agreements: The Zoning Code is not intended to abrogate, annul, or impair any easement, covenant, or other agreement between parties, except that where the Zoning Code imposes a greater restriction or higher standard than that required by such agreement, the Zoning Code shall control.
- Sec. 7-9-21.4. <u>Relation to prior Code.</u> The provisions of this Code supersede all prior zoning regulations codified in Article 2 of the Codified Ordinances and any amendments. No provision of this Code shall validate any land use or structure

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> established, constructed or maintained in violation of all prior versions of Zoning Code, unless such validation is specifically authorized by this Code and is in

conformance with all other regulations.

Sec. 7-9-21.5. Application during local emergency. The Board of Supervisors may authorize a deviation from a provision of this Code during a local emergency declared and ratified under the Codified Ordinances. The Board of Supervisors may authorize a deviation by resolution without notice or public hearing.

Sec. 7-9-22. - Definitions- Organization of Zoning Code.

- Sec. 7-9-22.1. This Code consists of seven Subarticles:
 - (a) <u>Subarticle 1: Introductory Provisions.</u>
 - (b) <u>Subarticle 2: Base Districts.</u>
 - (c) <u>Subarticle 3: Overlay, Combining and Other Districts.</u>
 - (d) <u>Subarticle 4: Site Development Regulations.</u>
 - (e) <u>Subarticle 5: Standards for Specific Uses and Activities.</u>
 - (f) <u>Subarticle 6: Administration and Permits.</u>
 - (g) <u>Subarticle 7: General Terms.</u>

Sec. 7-9-22.2. - Types of Regulations.

Four types of zoning regulations control the use and development property to which this Code applies:

- (a) Land use regulations. These regulations specify land uses permitted, conditionally permitted or specifically prohibited in each zoning district, and include special requirements, if any, applicable to specific uses. Land use regulations for base zoning districts and for overlay and other districts are in Subarticles 2 and 3 of this Code. Certain regulations, applicable in some or all of the districts, and performance standards which govern special uses, are in Subarticles 4 and 5.
- (b) Development regulations. These regulations control the height, bulk, location and appearance of structures on development sites. Development regulations for base zoning districts and for overlay and other districts are in Subarticles 2 and 3 respectively of this Code. Development standards and site regulations that apply throughout most or all of the unincorporated area of the county are in Subarticle 4. These include regulations for parking, setbacks, landscaping, and irrigation. Development regulations and procedural requirements applicable to specific uses in some or all districts are in Subarticle 5. These include regulations for accessory uses, signs, antennas, wireless communications facilities, and nonconforming uses.

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- (c) <u>Administrative regulations</u>. These regulations in Subarticle 6 of this Code contain detailed procedures for the administration of zoning regulations, and include procedures, processes and standards for discretionary permit applications and other permits.
- (d) <u>General Terms</u>. Subarticle 7 provides a list of use classifications and definitions used in the Code.

Sec. 7-9-23. - Definitions (A) General rules for construction of language and interpretation

Sec. 7-9-23.1. - Sec. 7-9-21.2. - General rules for construction of language

The following general rules of construction shall apply to the textual provisions of the Comprehensive Zoning Code:

- (a) The specific shall supersede the general.
- (b) In the case of any difference of meanings or implication between the text of the provision and any caption or illustration, the text shall control.
- (c) "Shall" is mandatory. "May" is discretionary.
- (d) Words used in the present tense include the future, and words used in the singular include the plural, and the plural the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- (e) Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, the following conjunctions shall be interpreted as follows:
 - (1) "And" indicates that all connected items or provisions shall apply.
 - (2) "Or" indicates that the connected items or provisions may apply singly or in any combination.
 - (3) "Either ... or" indicates that the connected items or provisions shall apply but not in combination.

All public officials, bodies, and agencies to which reference is made are those of the County of Orange unless otherwise indicated.

Sec. 7-9-23.2. - Sec. 7-9-21.3 General terms

- (a) *County* means the County of Orange including any special district governed by the Board of Supervisors.
- (b) *Days* included within a specific time period do not include the day action was taken but include all subsequent days unless the last day falls upon a Saturday,

(f)

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Sunday, or upon a legal County holiday, in which case the next business day shall be the last day of the time period.

- (c) Director or Director, EMA means the Director of the Planning and Development Services Department, County of Orange, Deputy Director, OC Public Works/Manager, OC Development Services, Planning Division ("Director"), or his authorized agent or representative.
- (d) General Plan means the Orange County of Orange General Plan.
- (e) Government Code means the California Government Code.
- (f) *State* means the State of California.
- (g) Zoning Code means the Comprehensive Zoning Code of the County of Orange, including zoning district maps and planned community or specific plan development plan maps and texts adopted pursuant to or as an amendment to sections 7-9-48, 7-9-103, 7-9-155, and 7-9-156. 7-9-TBD

Sec. 7-9-23.3. - Fractions

Whenever this Code requires consideration of distances, parking spaces, dwelling units, or other aspects of development or the physical environment that are expressed in numerical quantities and the result of a calculation contains a fraction of a whole number, the results shall be rounded as follows:

- (a) <u>General rounding</u>. Fractions of one-half (0.5) or greater must be rounded up to the nearest whole number, and fractions of less than one-half (0.5) must be rounded down to the nearest whole number, except as otherwise provided.
- (b) Exception for State Density Bonus Law. The calculation of bonus density units for projects eligible for a density bonus pursuant to Government Code Section 65915 or any successor statute shall be done as provided by State law.

Sec. 7-9-24. - Definitions (B) Rules for measurement.

Sec. 7-9-24.1. - Purpose

The purpose of this Section is to explain how to calculate various measurements to which these regulations refer.

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Sec. 7-9-24.2. Section 7-9-27 - Determining floor area, Gross

The total <u>sum of the gross</u> horizontal floor area of all floors of a building <u>or other</u> <u>enclosed structure</u>, <u>including</u> <u>measured from</u> the exterior <u>finished</u> walls <u>surface</u> thereof, measured in square feet.

- (a) Included in floor area. Floor area includes, but is not limited to, usable basements and cellars that are below the roof and within the outer surface of the main walls of principal or accessory buildings or the centerlines of party walls separating such buildings or portions thereof or within lines drawn parallel to and two (2) feet within the roof line of any building without walls. In the case of a multi-story building that has covered or enclosed stairways, stairwells or elevator shafts, the horizontal area of such features shall be counted only once at the floor level of their greatest area of horizontal extent.
- (b) Excluded from floor area. Floor area does not include mechanical, electrical, and communication equipment rooms that are less than two percent (2%) of the building's gross floor area; areas that qualify as usable open space; and areas used for off-street parking spaces or loading spaces, driveways, ramps between floors of a multi-level parking garage, and maneuvering aisles that are located below the finish grade of the property.
- (c) <u>Non-residential structures and uses.</u> excepting that for <u>In</u> commercial, professional and administrative office or industrial buildings, or building complexes, areas used in common such as covered malls, walkways, patio areas, and entries open to and directly connecting with outside areas shall not be included when calculating off-street parking requirements. <u>In the case of a</u> <u>multi-story building that has covered or enclosed stairways, stairwells or</u> <u>elevator shafts, the horizontal area of such features shall be counted only once</u> at the floor level of their greatest area of horizontal extent.

Sec. 7-9-24.3. - Section 7-9-23 Building site area, minimum Determining building site area

The net development area calculated by measuring the building site horizontally as a level plane and excluding rights-of-way or easements that prohibit the surface use of the site, except easements for open space purposes on single-family lots. (Examples of open space easements include, but are not limited to, resource preservation and scenic easements.) The minimum building site area shall be undivided and relatively compact although the entire building site may be larger with diffuse parts.

Sec. 7-9-24.4. - Section-7-9-23-Building site coverage, maximum

The relationship between the ground floor area of the building or buildings and the project net <u>development</u> area of the site. Said net area <u>Site coverage</u> shall be computed by

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deducting from the gross site area any ultimate street rights-of-way together with all rights-ofway and all easements that prohibit the surface use of the site, except easements for open space purposes on single-family lots. (Examples of open space easements include, but are not limited to, resource preservation and scenic easements.) Unenclosed post-supported roofs over patios and walkways, unenclosed post-supported eave overhangs and swimming pools shall not constitute buildings for the purpose of this definition. The following structures shall be excluded when calculating site coverage:

- (a) <u>Unenclosed decks, patio slabs, porches, landings, balconies, and stairways less</u> than eighteen (18) inches in height at the surface of the deck and less than six (6) feet above grade for railings.
- (b) Swimming pools and hot tubs not enclosed in roofed structures or decks.
- (c) <u>One small, non-habitable accessory structure under one hundred twenty (120)</u> square feet in area.



FIGURE 7-9-24.4D: DETERMINING LOT COVERAGE

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Sec. 7-9-24.5. - 7-9-126.3 Determination of building site width Measuring building site width and depth

- (a) <u>Lot width. Lot width is the horizontal distance between the side lot lines,</u> measured at right angles to the lot depth at a point midway between the front and rear lot lines.
 - (1) <u>Residential districts</u>. In any district zoned for residential uses when a minimum building site width is required, such required width shall be determined by measuring the distance between the sidelines of the building site along a line parallel to a straight line joining the foremost points of the side property lines, and twenty (20) feet, at the closest point, from the ultimate street right-of-way line. However, in the case of a panhandle building site or a building site not abutting a street or alley and gaining access by an easement, the width of the building site along a straight line in any direction.
 - (2) <u>Non-residential districts.</u> In any district other than a residential district, when a minimum building site width is required, such required width shall be determined by measuring the distance between the points of intersection of the side property lines with the ultimate front street right-of-way line.
- (b) <u>Lot depth. Lot depth is measured along an imaginary straight line drawn from the midpoint of the front property line of the lot to the midpoint of the rear property line or to the most distant point on any other lot line where there is no rear lot line.</u>

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FIGURE 7-9-24.5: DETERMINING BUILDING SITE WIDTH AND DEPTH



Sec. 7-9-24.6. - Determining building site frontage.

(a) <u>Corner lot: The front of a lot is the narrowest dimension of the lot with street</u> frontage so long as the rear setback requirements are met. **Commented [County10]:** Neutral

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(b) <u>Through lot that abuts two streets that do not intersect</u>: The front yard of a through lot abuts the street that neighboring lots use to provide primary access.

Sec. 7-9-24.7. - Determining setbacks.

A setback line defining a required yard is parallel to and at the specified distance from the corresponding front, side, or rear property line. The following special regulations for determining shall apply when a lot abuts an alley or proposed street.

- (a) <u>Side setbacks.</u> If a side lot line abuts an alley, the yard shall be considered an interior side yard rather than a corner side yard. In computing the minimum yard for any lot where such yard abuts an alley, no part of the width of the lane may be considered as part of the required setback.
- (b) Sec. 7-9 127.1.d. <u>Rear setbacks.</u> In computing the depth or a rear setback from any building where such setback opens on alley, private street, public park or public beach, one-half of the width of such alley, street, park or beach may be deemed to be a portion of the rear setback, except that under this provision, no rear setback shall be less than fifteen (15) feet.
- (c) Setbacks from street. If a property abuts an existing or ultimate right-of-way street for which the existing right-of-way is narrower than the right-of-way ultimately required for the street, the required setback shall be established from the ultimate right-of-way rather than the property line.

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FIGURE 7-9-24.7: DETERMINING SETBACKS ON IRREGULARLY SHAPED LOTS



Sec. 7-9-24.8. - Measuring distances.

- (a) <u>Measurements at shortest distance.</u> When measuring a required distance, such as the minimum distance between a structure and a lot line, the measurement is made at the shortest distance between the two objects.
- (b) Distances are measured horizontally. When determining distances for setbacks and structure dimensions, all distances are measured along a horizontal plane from the appropriate line, edge of building, structure, storage area, parking area, or other object. These distances are not measured by following the topography or slope of the land.
- (c) <u>Measurements involving a structure.</u> Measurements involving a structure are made to the closest support element of the structure. Structures or portions of

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> structures that are entirely underground are not included in measuring required distances.

- (d) <u>Measurement of vehicle stacking or travel areas.</u> Measurement of a minimum travel distance for vehicles, such as front-entry garage entrance setbacks and stacking lane distances, are measured down the center of the vehicle travel area.
- (e) <u>Measuring a buffer or radius. When a specified land use is required to be located a minimum distance from another land use, the minimum distance is measured in a straight line from all points along the lot line of the subject project, in all directions.</u>





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Sec. 7-9-24.9. Section 7-9-28 Determining grade ground level

- (a) Grade, Ground level. The average elevation, determined by averaging the elevations of four (4) or more points as necessary, at the building site boundary line where it is less than five (5) feet from the building or at five (5) feet outside the perimeter of the bearing or foundation line of building.
 - (1) Architectural projections extending less than five (5) feet from the exterior wall are excluded.
 - (2) When there is more than one building on a site, average grade is calculated separately for each building.
- (b) Finished grade. The final grade of the site is the elevation at the base of the exterior surface of the building wall, which conforms to the approved plan for the whole site.

(c) <u>Natural grade. The undisturbed elevation of the ground prior to human intervention.</u>

Sec. 7-9-24.10. - 7-9-129 Height limit Measuring height

All references to this section shall include sections 7-9-129.1 through 7-9-129.6.

This section shall also apply to planned communities and specific plan areas unless otherwise stated. <u>Height is the vertical distance from finished grade to the highest point of a building or structure.</u>

- (a) 7-9-129.1 Measurement Measuring building height.
 - (1) When a building site slopes in any direction at an average grade of more than ten (10) percent within the front fifty (50) feet of the building site, Building height is the vertical distance above an inclined slope to the top of the structure, including screened mechanical and electrical fixtures. The inclined slope is established by enclosing the structure with an imaginary line five (5) feet outside of the perimeter of the structure, or at the property line if it is less than five (5) feet from the structure, and by assuming that all ground area closer is flat. See diagram for building height.
 - In all situations not included within (a) above, the height is the vertical distance above the ground level of finished grade to the top of the structure. This is established by enclosing the structure with an imaginary line five (5) feet outside of the perimeter of the structure, or at the property line if it is less than five (5) feet from the structure, and determining the average elevation from the imaginary line.

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FIGURE 7-9-24.10(a): MEASURING BUILDING HEIGHT



7 9 137.5 Measuring height of fences and walls. Fence/wall heights shall be measured from the base of the fence/wall to the top on interior or exterior side, whichever is greater. The height of any fence or wall shall be determined by measuring the vertical distance from the base of the fence or wall, at the lowest existing grade on such fence or structure, to the highest point of such structure on the interior or exterior of the structure, whichever is greater. In the case of walls that are parallel to and within five (5) feet of a public sidewalk or other public way, grade shall be the finished elevation of the closest point on the sidewalk or public way.

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> (1) Measuring the height of fences on retaining walls. The height of a fence that is on top of a retaining wall is measured from the base of the wall, at the lowest existing grade on such wall, to the highest point of the fence on the highest side of the wall. Any fence or railing required to comply with minimum height in applicable Building Code requirements is permitted.

FIGURE 7-9-10(b): MEASURING HEIGHT OF FENCES ON RETAINING WALLS



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Sec. 7-9-25. - Definitions (C) Zones and districts

Sec. 7-9-25.1. 7-9-48. Scope of the Comprehensive Zoning Code and adoption of zoning district maps

This article includes zoning maps, general provisions, special regulations and a set of general district regulations limiting and controlling the uses of land, the density of population, the uses and locations of structures, the height and bulk of structures, the areas and dimensions of sites; the size, height and location of signs; the installation and maintenance of screening and landscaping; the control of vehicular access and the requirement of off-street parking and loading facilities. In addition, this article includes planned community and specific plan maps, and texts adopted by ordinance. Sectional district maps, precise plan and specific plan maps, oil field maps, district-C maps, flood insurance rate maps, flood boundary and floodway maps, and all other maps that were officially adopted pursuant to or as an amendment to section 7-9-TBD prior to the effective date of Ordinance No. 2142 are included within the term "zoning district map," and all such maps and all subsequently adopted zoning district maps are and shall be a part of this section.

<u>Sec. 7-9-25.2. - Section 7-9-49.</u> Establishment of districts and interpretation of district boundaries

- (a) The unincorporated territory of the County of Orange is hereby has been divided into zones or zoning districts, as set forth in title 7, division 9, article 2 of the Codified Ordinances of the County of Orange, as determined and defined by officially adopted zoning maps. Each zoning district map showing the classifications and boundaries of district shall, upon adoption in the manner required by the Planning and Zoning Law, be a part of this article.
- (b) Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of districts shown on an official zoning district map, the following rules shall apply:
 - (1) (a) Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streets, highways or alleys shall be construed to follow such centerlines;

(b) Boundaries indicated as approximately following the right-of-way lines of streets, highways, or alleys, shall be construed to follow such the right-of-way lines, and in event of change in the right-of-way line shall be construed as moving with the right-of-way line;

(3) (e) Boundaries indicated as approximately following shorelines shall be construed to follow such shorelines, and in the event of change of the shoreline, shall be construed as moving with the actual shoreline; boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streams, rivers, canals, lakes or other

(2)

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bodies of water, of flood control channels shall be construed to follow such centerlines;

- (4) (d) Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted lot lines shall be construed to follow such lot lines;
- (5) (e) Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features indicated in subsections (1 a) through (4 d) above shall be so construed; distances not specifically indicated on the official zoning district map shall be determined by the scale of the map;
- (6) (f) Where a street or alley is vacated or abandoned the regulations applicable to the property to which it is reverted shall apply to such vacated or abandoned street or alley;
- (7) (g) In case any further uncertainty exists, the Planning Commission shall determine the location of boundaries.
- (c) <u>Designation of base zoning districts.</u>

Commented [County16]: Neutral

Table 7-9-25.2(c) lists the base zoning districts into which the County is divided with their map symbols and corresponding General Plan land use designations.

	TABLE 7-9-25.2(c): BASE ZONING DIS	TRICTS	
<u>Map Symbol</u>	<u>Full Name</u>	<u>General Plan Land Use</u> Designation	
Agriculture/Open Space Districts			
<u>A1</u>	General Agricultural	Rural Residential	
<u>B1</u>	Buffer	<u>Open Space</u>	
<u>os</u>	Open Space	Open Space	
Single Family Residential Districts			
AR	Agricultural Residential	Suburban Residential	
<u>E1</u>	Estates	Suburban Residential	

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<u>E4</u>	Small Estates	Suburban Residential
RE	Residential Estates	Suburban Residential
<u>RHE</u>	Residential Hillside Estates	<u>Suburban Residential</u>
<u>RS</u>	Residential, Single-Family	<u>Suburban Residential</u>
<u>R1</u>	Single-Family Residence	<u>Suburban Residential</u>
	Multi-Family Residential Distric	ts
R2D	Two-Family Residence	Suburban Residential
<u>R4</u>	Suburban Multifamily Residential	<u>Suburban Residential</u>
<u>R2</u>	Multifamily Dwelling	Urban Residential
<u>R3</u>	Apartment	<u>Urban Residential</u>
	Mixed-Use and Commercial Distr	icts
<u>C1</u>	Local Business	Community Commercial
<u>CC</u>	Commercial Community	Community Commercial
<u>CN</u>	Commercial Neighborhood	Community Commercial
<u>C2</u>	General Business	Regional Commercial
СН	Commercial Highway	Regional Commercial
RP	Residential Professional	Suburban Residential
Employment Districts		
PA	Professional and Administrative	Employment
<u>M1</u>	Light Industrial	Employment

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Other District		
<u>SG</u>	Sand and Gravel Extraction	Open Space

(d) Designation of Overlay and Combining Districts .

Table 7-9-25.2.(d) lists Overlay, Combining and Other Districts into which the County is divided with their map symbols. These districts may be combined with the base zoning districts listed in Table 7-9-24.2(c), Base Zoning Districts pursuant to Article 2, Subarticle 3 of the Zoning Code. In any district where the base zoning district symbol is followed by one of the following district symbols, the additional requirements, limitations, and standards of the overlay or combining district may apply.

	TABLE 7-9-25.2.(d): OVERLAY, COMBINING,		
	AND OTHER DISTRICTS		
	CD	Coastal Development Combining	
	E	Equine Combining	
	<u>P</u>	Floodplain Overlay	
	GPI	<u>General Plan Implementation</u> Combining	
	Ľ	Housing Opportunities Overlay	
	MX	<u>Mixed-Use Overlay</u>	
	0	Oil Production Combining	
	PC	Planned Community Combining	
	PD	Planned Development Combining	
	<u>SH</u>	Scenic Highway Combining	

Commented [County17]: Neutral

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<u>SS</u>	Service Station Combining
SR	Sign Restriction Combining
<u>S</u>	Specific Plan Combining

Section 7-9-20	Definitions (D) Reserved
Section 7-9-21	Definitions (E) Reserved
Section 7-9-22	Definitions (F) Reserved
Section 7-9-23	Definitions (G) Reserved